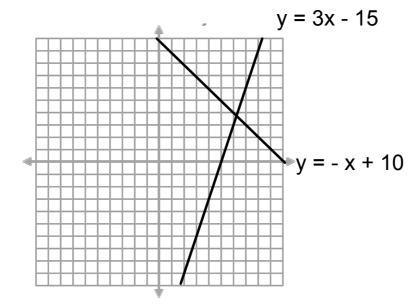
p. 107 # 8. Two observations are made concerning a certain number of coins placed on a table. They are described mathematically by the following equations:

$$3x + y + 1 = 10 \Rightarrow \# \text{ of coihs}$$

- a) Describe these observations. i.e. what does each equation represent?
- b) How many coins of each denomination are on the table?

① 
$$0.25 \times +0.19 = 1.5$$
  
 $x + 13 = 9$   
 $y = 9 - x$   
 $0.25 \times +0.1(9 - x) = 1.5$   
 $0.25 \times +0.9 - 0.19 = 1.5$   
 $0.15 \times =0.6$   
 $x = 4$   
 $y = 9 - 4 = 5$   
 $0.25(9 - y) + 0.19 = 1.5$   
 $2.25 - 0.259 + 0.19 = 1.5$   
 $\frac{9}{4} - \frac{1}{4}9 + 0.19 = 1.5$ 





## **Substitution**

Plug in your answer into one of the original equations.

Solve.

Plug in (substitute) the expression for the variable in the **other** equation.

Simplify and solve.

Pick an equation and isolate one of the variables.

## **Elimination**

How to solve a system of equations by elimination:

- 1. Rearrange the equations so that they are in the same order.
- 2. Multiply one or both equations to get two matching variables.
- 3. Subtract one equation from the other, **eliminating** one of the variables (be sure to flip all the signs!).
- 4. Simplify and solve.
- 5. Plug in and solve again.

e.g. p. 106 #3.b)

Recall: Common	multiple	
number that both	smaller numbers can di	ivide into evenly
easy way to find:		